

Generating Public and Private Keys

Generating RSA Keys

Generate 2048 bit RSA Private Key saved as KEY1.pem

```
openssl genrsa -out KEY1.pem 2048
```

Generate 4096 bit RSA Private Key, encrypted with AES128

```
openssl genrsa -out KEY2.pem -aes128 4096
```

- Key size must be last argument of command
- Omit `-out <FILE>` argument to output to StdOut
- Other encryption algorithms are also supported:
-aes128, -aes192, -aes256, -des3, -des

Generating DSA Keys:

Generate DSA Parameters File

```
openssl dsaparam -out DSA-PARAM.pem 1024
```

Generate DSA Keys file with Parameters file

```
openssl gendsa -out DSA-KEY.pem DSA-PARAM.pem
```

Generate DSA Parameters and Keys in one File

```
openssl dsaparam -genkey -out DSA-PARAM-KEY.pem 2048
```

See *Inspecting* section to view file contents.

Generating Elliptic Curve Keys:

Generate EC Parameters file

```
openssl genpkey -genparam -algorithm EC -pkeyopt ec_paramgen_curve:secp384r1 -out EC-PARAM.pem
```

Generate EC Keys from Parameters file

```
openssl genpkey -paramfile EC-PARAM.pem -out EC-KEY.pem
```

Generate EC Keys directly

```
openssl genpkey -algorithm EC -pkeyopt ec_paramgen_curve:P-384 -out EC-KEY.pem
```

View supported Elliptic Curves

```
openssl ecparm -list_curves
```

Recommended Curves: secp521r1, secp384r1, secp256k1 (*identical to P-521, P-384, P-256*)

Inspecting RSA, DSA, and Elliptic Curve Keys

Inspecting RSA Key Files

Converting an RSA Private Key into text

```
openssl rsa -in KEY.pem -noout -text
```

Removing encryption from an RSA key file

```
openssl rsa -in ENCRYPTED-KEY.pem -out KEY.pem
```

Encrypting an RSA Key File

```
openssl rsa -in KEY.pem -aes128 -out ENCRYPTED-KEY.pem
```

Inspecting any Key file using pkey utility

Converting any Private Key file into text (RSA, DSA, or EC)

```
openssl pkey -in KEY.pem -noout -text
```

Extracting only Public Key as text from any Key file

```
openssl pkey -in KEY.pem -noout -text_pub
```

Extracting only Public Key in PEM format

```
openssl pkey -in KEY.pem -pubout
```

pkey expects a *Private* Key file. *Public* Key file can be read with `-pubin`

Inspecting DSA Parameters and Keys

Inspecting DSA Parameters file

```
openssl dsaparam -in DSA-PARAM.pem -text -noout
```

Inspecting DSA Private Key file

```
openssl dsa -in DSA-KEY.pem -text -noout
```

Check if RSA Key matches a CSR or Cert

Compare Modulus values to see if files match each other

```
openssl req -in CSR.pem -noout -modulus
```

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -noout -modulus
```

```
openssl rsa -in KEY.pem -noout -modulus
```

Inspecting EC Parameters and Keys

Inspecting Elliptic Curve (EC) Parameters file

```
openssl ecparm -in EC-PARAM.pem -text -noout
```

Inspecting Elliptic Curve (EC) Private Key file

```
openssl ec -in EC-KEY.pem -text -noout
```

Check if EC Key matches a CSR or Cert

Compare Public Key values to see if files match each other

```
openssl req -in EC-CSR.pem -noout -pubkey
```

```
openssl x509 -in EC-CERT.pem -noout -pubkey
```

```
openssl ec -in EC-KEY.pem -pubout
```

OpenSSL Cheat Sheet

Presented by
Practical Networking .net

Latest version of this cheat sheet and
training on how to use it are available here:
pracnet.net/openssl

Want to really understand SSL & TLS?
pracnet.net/tls

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Generating Certificate Signing Requests (CSRs) and Self-Signed Certificates

Generating CSRs:

Generate CSR with *existing* Private Key file

```
openssl req -new -key KEY.pem -out CSR.pem
```

Generate CSR and *new* Private Key file

```
openssl req -new -newkey <alg:opt> -nodes -out CSR.pem
```

Generating Self-Signed Certificates

Generate Certificate with *existing* Private Key file

```
openssl req -x509 -key KEY.pem -out CERT.pem
```

Generate Certificate and *new* Private Key file

```
openssl req -x509 -newkey <alg:opt> -nodes -out CERT.pem
```

Notes / Options

Commands above will prompt you for the Subject Distinguished Name (DN) attributes. Alternatively, you can specify them using `-subj`:

Examples: `-subj "/CN=website.com"` *--or--* `-subj "/C=US/ST=Colorado/L=Denver/O=ACME Inc./CN=acme.com"`

`-nodes` - Generate Key File with No DES encryption - Skips prompt for PEM Pass phrase

`-<digest>` - Sign CSR/Cert using `<digest>` hashing algorithm. View supported algorithms: `openssl list --digest-commands`

`-config` - Specify config file with custom options. Default Config file: `openssl.cnf` in directory specified by `openssl version -d`

The argument `-newkey <alg:opt>` lets you create **RSA**, **DSA**, or **EC** Keys:

`-newkey 1024` - Generate 1024 bit RSA Keys (*legacy*)

`-newkey dsa:DSA-PARAM.pem` - Generate DSA Keys using DSA Parameters

`-newkey rsa:2048` - Generate 2048 bit RSA Keys

`-newkey ec:EC-PARAM.pem` - Generate EC Keys using EC Parameters

If `-key` or `-newkey` is not specified, a private key file will be automatically generated using directives specified in `openssl.cnf`

Inspecting Certificate Signing Requests (CSRs) and Certificates

Viewing contents of Certs and CSRs

Viewing x509 Certificate as human readable Text

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -noout -text
```

Viewing Certificate Signing Request (CSR) contents as Text:

```
openssl req -in CSR.pem -noout -text
```

Extracting Specific Info from Certificates

Extract specific pieces of information from x509 Certificates

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -noout -dates
```

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -noout -issuer -subject
```

Other items you can extract: `-modulus` `-pubkey` `-ocsp_uri` `-ocspid`
`-serial` `-startdate` `-enddate`

Extracting x509 Certificate Extensions

Extract specific Extension(s) from a certificate

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -noout -ext subjectAltName
```

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -noout -ext authorityInfoAccess,crlDistributionPoints
```

Other extensions you can extract: `basicConstraints` `nameConstraints` `certificatePolicies`
`keyUsage` `extendedKeyUsage` `subjectKeyIdentifier` `authorityKeyIdentifier`

Extract all Extensions from a certificate

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -noout -text | sed '/X509v3 extensions/,/Signature Algorithm:!/d'
```

File Formats and Converting between formats (PEM, DER, PFX)

Check if file is PEM, DER, or PFX

To check if file is PEM format

```
openssl x509 -in FILE
```

To check if file is DER format

```
openssl x509 -in FILE -inform DER
```

To check if file is PFX format

```
openssl pkcs12 -in FILE -nodes
```

To check, or convert, PEM or DER Key Files use `openssl pkey` instead of `openssl x509` and same command arguments.

PEM <==> DER

Convert PEM Certificate file to DER

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.pem -outform DER -out CERT.der
```

Convert DER Certificate file to PEM

```
openssl x509 -in CERT.der -inform der -out CERT.pem
```

PEM --> PFX

Convert PEM Certificate(s) to PFX

```
openssl pkcs12 -in CERTS.pem -nokeys -export -out CERTS.pfx
```

To include a key in PFX file use `-inkey KEY.pem` instead of `-nokeys`

PFX --> PEM

To extract everything within a PFX file as a PEM file:

```
openssl pkcs12 -in FILE.pfx -out EVERYTHING.pem -nodes
```

To extract only the Private Key from a PFX file as PEM:

```
openssl pkcs12 -in FILE.pfx -out KEY.pem -nodes -nocerts
```

PFX files can contain Certificate(s), or Certificate(s) + one matching Key

`-clcerts` - extract only end-entity certificate (client certificate)

`-cacerts` - extract all but end-entity certificate

`-nokeys` - extract only certificates